Forestry Corporation and Fletcher Challenge reach agreement on contract issues

Forestry Corporation and Fletcher Challenge have reached agreement in principle on most outstanding issues regarding the supply of wood fibre under the long-term agreements between the two parties. The need to seek clarification on a number of contractual matters has been the subject of arbitration between the two organisations. In February 1995, the arbitrator, Mr Colin Carruthers QC, delivered an award which provided guidelines for the parties to resolve the matters at issue. The parties have agreed a pricing formula that applies from August 1, 1995 to the future supply of all wood fibre to Fletcher Challenge companies under the long-term agreements. The prices are market based and reflect the provisions and intent of the original agreements.

Details of retrospective payments from April 1, 1990 are still being finalised; however, the payments will be within the reasonable expectations of both parties, and within the provisions already made by the Ordinary and Forests Divisions of Fletcher Challenge.

Fletcher Challenge and Forestry Corporation are working together on an implementation plan which will see the development of a customer/supplier relationship which recognises the importance and value of each party to the other.

The parties have agreed to move to a delivered basis for the supply of pulplogs and chips, and Forestry Corporation trucks began delivery directly to the doors of Tasman's Kawerau mill in August.

The Chief Executive of Forestry Corporation, Mr Tim Cullinane, and Fletcher Challenge's Chief Executive, Solid Wood Forestry, Mr Michael Andrews, said they were pleased that the relationship between the two organisations had been re-established on a sound and cooperative footing.

"We are working together to implement the agreements and thoroughly welcome the new spirit of partnership and cooperation already evident in these dealings," they said.

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Japanese forestry facing crisis

A recent backgrounder article in the Japan Forest Products Journal on the crisis within the forestry sector in Japan has highlighted several alarming developments. The drop in prices for building materials is making replanting less viable, while many forest owners are selling off large tracts of immature trees and exiting the industry.

The two recent events having the greatest impact in deepening the crisis are said to be the massive appreciation of the yen since last year, and January's Kobe earthquake which shockingly highlighted the vulnerability of traditional jikugumi-style housing to collapse in such quakes. The demand for new housing following the earthquake has mainly manifested in a rebuilding of jikugumi materials, is being shaken at its very foundations.

Thus the whole industry, which has long been based on producing and supplying jikugumi materials, is being shaken at its very foundations.

So while the rising yen has reduced opportunities due to greater competition with imports, the earthquake has further reduced the viability of domestically produced materials. And, though the price falls for Japanese cedar and cypress logs and sawn timber have abated, it is still difficult to foresee a recovery of the forestry industry at this stage.

In the last 15 years logging labour costs have increased (1979 = 100, 1995 = 170), as log prices have decreased (1979 = 100, 1995: cedar = 67, cypress = 55). The writer gives an estimate of net income after logging and selling costs at 1.8–2.4 million yen per hectare, based on a yield of 300 m3 per hectare. Replanting is estimated to cost around one million yen per hectare.

From this analysis it becomes clear that the value of a forest with only a few years' growth and one with 50 years' growth are very similar.

A recent comparison of US and Japanese forestry production costs estimates those in Oregon to be about half those in Japan.

As this cost differential further grows, the crisis in Japanese forestry will also deepen. — Reprinted from JapanLink, MOF, P.O. Box 1340, Rotorua.

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Proposed NZ Forest Service Reunion 1977

March 31, 1997 marks the 10th anniversary of the removal of the NZ Forest Service from the Public Service sector. Several former staff of the Service from various locations, and quite independently of one another, have proposed that a reunion of former staff of the Forest Service should take place to mark and rejuvenate important and valuable memories and associations of the past.

Gus Buckley, now residing at 35 Shirley Rd, Christchurch, was a prime mover and supporter for a reunion and approached me to seek support and assistance with arrangements. As a result, some logistical support has been offered by the Ministry of Forestry and the Department of Conservation.

There will be a national reunion of NZ Forest Service personnel in Rotorua over Easter 1997. This will coincide with the 50th Jubilee of the Forest Research Institute and with what may be the last get-together of participants in the National Forest Survey of the 50s. The organising committee for the Rotorua reunion is chaired by Bob Shaw with Trevor Bodley (NZFRI) acting as Secretary.

Interest has been shown in several regions to hold informal-type reunions, and these will help cater for those former staff unable to make the Rotorua function.

I have been acting as the National Coordinator and as such have endeavoured to establish a network of contacts who will act to set up regional organising committees and distribute information concerning the national and any regional reunions. It is proving difficult to produce comprehensive name and address lists of all former staff, since official records are now eight years old. Contacts have been established for Nelson, Westland, Canterbury, Otago/Southland, Hawkes Bay and Rotorua. Assistance is required from those

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